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CAPE TOWN, AFRICA, June 2, 1901.

SIR: I am directed to inform you that the following is the report on the state of the outbreak of the plague in the Cape Peninsula for the week ended June 2, 1901:

_	Total, all races.		European.		Colored.		Native.	
·	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
Number of cases remaining under								
treatment at end of last week	81	22	29	4	40	16	12	2
Admitted during the week	7	4	2		2	4	3	l
Found dead	5	2	1	1	3	1	1	
Died during the week, including		1	_	_	-	_	_	
cases found dead	• 7	3	1	1	4	2	2	
Discharged, cured	12	2	6	l	ŝ	2	2	
Remaining under treatment	74	23	25	4	38	17	11	2
Number of cases of suspects remain-	• • •			_				-
ing under observation at end of								ĺ
last week	15	5	8	2	6	3	1	
Admitted during the week	4		š	_	ĭ		1	
Discharged	4	3	ĭ	2	3	1		··· ·· ··
Found to be suffering from plague	2		l i	_	i			
Died from other causes	ĺ ĩ	1	î					
Remaining under observation	12	1 1	8		3	1	1	1
Number of "contacts" remaining	12	1	•	•••••				
under observation at end of last				1			ì	
week	485	352	123	71	261	243	101	38
A J 144 - J J 1			17	6	25	27	32	
Admitted during the week	116	41 85	50	11	57	69	9	8
Discharged		89	90	11	94	69	2	"
Found to be suffering from plague			90				122	41
Remaining under observation	441	30⊀	90	66	229	201	123	41
Total cases to date, June 1, 1901	494	190	131	42	232	137	131	11
Total deaths to date, June 1, 1901	226	92	42	15	129	73	55	1 14
20th downs to date, build 1, 1801	220							
Rate of mortality, per cent	45.7	48.4	32.1	35.7	55.6	53.3	42.0	36, 4

Respectfully,

Assistant Under Colonial Secretary.

The DEPUTY CONSUL-GENERAL FOR THE UNITED STATES.

BRAZIL.

Four cases of plague in Rio de Janeiro.

[Telegram.]

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, July 6, 1901.

Since Wednesday, July 3, there have been 4 cases of plague at Rio de Janeiro, with 2 deaths. New cases can not be traced to foci already located. It is rumored that they arrived from Oporto.

HAVELBURG.

The Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize-Fruit port.

BELIZE, BRITISH HONDURAS, June 28, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended June 22, 1901: Population, according to census of 1901, 9,113.

Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week none; number of

July 12,1901

1591

deaths from other causes during the week, 1. Prevailing diseases, malarial in character. The reported death was due to premature birth.

General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country

during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: June 21, steam-ship S. Oteri; crew, 35; passengers from this port, 3; passengers in transit, 14; pieces of baggage disinfected, 9. June 22, steamship Managua; crew, 17; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none; steamship Bergenseren; crew, 16; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

J. GREY THOMAS, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CANADA.

Inspection of immigrants at Quebec during the week ended June 29, 1901.

QUEBEC, CANADA, June 29, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended June 29 there were inspected 103 immigrants; passed, 100; cause of detention: chronic luxation of hip joint, 1; kyphosis, 1; scoliosis, 1.

On June 25, 26, and 27 inspected at Montreal, 21; passed, 21;

detained, none.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER, Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CHINA.

Report from Hongkong-Plague and smallpox.

HONGKONG, CHINA, May 28, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the report of inspection work at this station for the week ended May 25, 1901. Nine steamers were inspected during the week—906 individuals were bathed and 1.387 pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam. There were 15 rejections during the week-14 because of fever and 1 because of fever and enlarged glands. Two hundred cases of plague and 187 deaths were reported during the week, making a total of 741 cases and 689 deaths thus far this year. These figures undoubtedly fall far short of the actual number of cases occurring, as the Chinese, if possible, will leave for the mainland upon being attacked by the disease, thus avoiding the disinfection of their quarters and in case of death permitting their burial in Chinese territory. The number of cases and deaths reported during the corresponding week last year was 89 cases and 82 deaths. The present epidemic promises to be more severe than any previous one for several years and is attracting more attention because of the relatively large number of non-Chinese. Six European cases are at present under treatment, and all are reported doing well except an European merchant who was attacked during the week.

Eight cases have been removed from the building in which this gentleman resided. The building is located in the central part of the city